



University
of Wyoming
LIBRARIES

Pathophysiology

Jenny Garcia
Health Sciences Reference Librarian

766-5379

jgarcia@uwyo.edu

Reference Services at the Health Sciences Building

Ask a Librarian

When do you ask for help? If you do not know where to start looking or you have been looking for twenty minutes without finding anything useful, it's time to contact a librarian.

- Come to the Reference Desk
- Email the reference desk CoeRef@uwyo.edu
- Call the reference desk at: **766-2070** When calling long distance, **1-800-442-6757**
- Use the Book-a-Librarian feature to arrange for a one-on-one training session
- Contact Jenny directly by phone 307-766-5379 or email jgarcia@uwyo.edu

Searching for Case Studies and Pathophysiology in PubMed

TIPS:

- In PubMed, the term physiopathology is preferred

physiopathology [Subheading]

Used with organs and diseases for disordered function in disease states.

Year introduced: 1966

- Use MeSH to focus your search
- Remember the MeSH subject headings reflect the concepts in the article
- In PubMed, this will automatically include narrower terms, unless you choose to exclude them
- After choosing your Subject Heading, use the subheading Physiopathology to further focus your search
- To make this a major topic of the article, select "Restrict Search to Major Topic"
- Use the Send To dropdown menu, using "Search Box with AND"
- Add another term to make the search more relevant to your topic
- This will create the search statement for you:
"Sepsis/physiopathology"[MAJR] AND "Electrocardiography"[MeSH]
- Click the Search PubMed icon to conduct the search
- Use Limits to further focus your search. For this assignment consider the following:
 - Published in the Last: **5 years**
 - Languages: **English**
 - Type of Article: **Case Reports**
- Change the Display setting, using the dropdown menu to select Abstract, Abstract Plus or Citation

1: Sepsis

[Links](#)

Systemic inflammatory response syndrome with a proven or suspected infectious etiology. When sepsis is associated with organ dysfunction distant from the site of infection, it is called severe sepsis. When sepsis is accompanied by HYPOTENSION despite adequate fluid infusion, it is called SEPTIC SHOCK.

Year introduced: 1995


Subheadings: This list includes those paired at least once with this heading in MEDLINE and may not reflect current rules for allowable combinations.

blood cerebrospinal fluid chemically induced classification complications
 congenital diagnosis diet therapy drug therapy economics embryology
 enzymology epidemiology ethnology etiology genetics history
immunology legislation and jurisprudence metabolism microbiology mortality
 nursing parasitology pathology **physiopathology** prevention and control
psychology radiography radionuclide imaging radiotherapy rehabilitation
surgery therapeutic use therapy transmission ultrasonography urine
veterinary virology

Restrict Search to Major Topic headings only

Do Not Explode this term (i.e., do not include MeSH terms found below this term in the MeSH tree).

Finding the Full Text of the Article

Look for  in the record itself. Clicking on this icon will:

- Link to the electronic version of the article, if it is present in the Libraries' electronic resources
- Automatically search for the journal title in the Libraries' online catalog
- Will search for the article in Google and Google Scholar
- Link you to Interlibrary Loan, if the article is not present electronically. You may also use this service to have a print article scanned and emailed to your UW email account.

Other items of Interest:

- Tutorials: available by clicking on Tutorials in the column on the left
- My NCBI: Save search strategies, create alerts, save article citations, create a bibliography and set filters to allow you to limit to items already owned by UW Libraries
- Loansome Doc: This is another means of ordering through Interlibrary Loan. Articles ordered using Loansome Doc will go to medical libraries and usually have a quick turnaround time of 24-72 hours. Ordering items from our print journals will be scanned and emailed to you.